Manual for the Completion of CDISC Aligned NCI Standard Case Report Form (CRF) Modules

Introduction

In 2006, members of the National Cancer Institute's Center for Biomedical Informatics and Information Technology (NCI CBIIT) in conjunction with the cancer Data Standards Registry and Repository (caDSR) user community initiated a Case Report Form (CRF) harmonization activity. CRFs submitted from the community were reviewed and inventoried. The Harmonization group then reviewed all questions on the CRF and partitioned them into four categories:

- Mandatory A data collection variable that must be on the CRF (e.g., a regulatory requirement (if applicable)).
- Conditional A data collection variable that must be collected on the CRF for specific cases that may be dictated by local or sponsor defined business rules.
- Optional A data collection variable that is available for use if needed. There is no regulatory or business requirement for inclusion of this element on the CRF; if the design and scientific questions posed in the study dictate the need to collect this type of data; this is the element to include on the CRF.
- Non-harmonized A data collection variable that is, by consensus, to primarily belong to a different CRF module or is not belonging to any defined module.

A template form with modules that contain questions or variables representing data to be collected and a companion electronic CRF instruction manual was developed. These CRF modules were vetted and adopted by the caDSR stakeholder community as metadata standards.

Since the original CRFs and manuals were adopted, the Food & Drug Administration (FDA) published guidelines for submission of clinical trial study data using the Clinical Data Interchange Standards Consortium (CDISC) Study Data Tabulation Model (SDTM) for Investigational New Drug (IND) trials starting after December 2017. In response, NCI CBIIT has aligned the NCI Standard CRF modules with the CDISC data collection standard, Clinical Data Acquisition Standards Harmonization (CDASH) where data is expected to be submitted to FDA in SDTM format.

The instruction manual is a set of directions to guide data collection in each module template. Specific implementation instructions are not present; various groups may wish to implement the contents of a module in a variety of software applications.

The instructions include the field name, description or definition of each field, and any special formatting notes that apply to entries – such as the inclusion of full dates, use of values from a choice list only, etc. Finally, each question (or data item) is noted as Mandatory (m), Conditional (c), or Optional (o).

Progression CDISC Aligned NCI Standard Template Module Definitions

Mapping to the CDASH:

N/A

Mapping to the SDTM:

This NCI Standard Template Form maps to the following domains in the SDTMIG v3.3 metadata table:

- RS Disease Response and Clin Classification (v3.3)
- TU Tumor/Lesion Identification (v3.3)

Progression CDISC Aligned NCI Standard Template Module Template Instructions

Field Descriptions and Instructions

Field Name (Partition Status) CDE ID # Short Name	Definition CDISC Mapping and Instruction	Format
Disease Response Most Recent Evaluation Date (o) 7038803 RSMTRDT	The date disease response was evaluated, represented in an unambiguous date format (e.g., DD-MON-YYYY). CDASH: No Match; SDTM: RSDTC (6651952) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "OVRLRESP" and RSTEST (6620604) = "Overall Response"	DATE
Progressive Disease Or Recurrent Disease Present Indicator (o) 7038804 RLPGIND	The indication of whether or not progressive disease or recurrent disease was present. CDASH: No Match; SDTM: RSORRES (6642369) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "RLPGIND" and RSTEST (6620604)= "Disease progress or relapse indicator"	CHARACTER. Use choice list.

Field Name (Partition Status) CDE ID # Short Name	Definition CDISC Mapping and Instruction	Format
Disease Response Most Recent Negation Evaluation Text (o) 7038805 RSDZRPTX	The description of the reason disease status was not evaluated. CDASH: No Match; SDTM: RSREASND (6642040)	CHARACTER
Progressive Disease Or Recurrent Disease Post Last Personal Contact Present Type (o) 7038806 PRGRCNT	The indication of the type of progressive disease or recurrent disease. CDASH: No Match; SDTM: RSORRES (6642369) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "OVRLRESP" and RSTEST (6620604) = "Overall Response"	CHARACTER. Use choice list.
Progressive Disease or Recurrent Disease Evaluation Date (o) 7038807 RSPRGDT	The date progressive disease or recurrent disease was identified, represented in an unambiguous date format (e.g., DD-MON-YYYY). CDASH: No Match; SDTM: RSDTC (6651952) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "OVRLRESP" and RSTEST (6620604) = "Overall Response"	DATE
Progressive Disease Anatomic Site (o) 7038808 TUPGDZST	The anatomic site where progressive disease occurred. CDASH: No Match; SDTM: TULOC (6621372)	CHARACTER. Use choice list.
Progressive Disease Anatomic Site Text (o) 7038809 TULOCX	The anatomic site where progressive disease occurred not previously listed. CDASH: No Match; SDTM: TULOC (6621372)	CHARACTER
Disease Response Evaluation Method Type (o) 7038810 TUEVALTP	The method used to determine disease response. CDASH: No Match; SDTM: TUMETHOD (No CDE)	CHARACTER. Use choice list.

Annotated CRF: Progression CDISC Aligned NCI Standard Template

This annotated CRF is ONLY used to show CDISC mapping without consideration of the CRF layout. CDASH mapping is in **Blue**, and SDTM mapping is in **Red**.

Form Name: Progression CDISC Aligned NCI Standard Template Optional Questions

CRI	Question		Value Domain
eva	e of most recent disease status luation (7038803) E Short Name: RSMTRDT		DATE – Maximum Length = 11
	CDASH: No Match		
	SDTM: RSDTC (6651952) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "OVRLRESP" and RSTEST (6620604) = "Overall Response"		
dur	the patient's disease progress or relaping the indicated period? (7038804) Short Name: RLPGIND	se	CHARACTER – Maximum Length = 2 □ N – No
	CDASH: No Match		□ NA – Not Applicable□ U – Unknown
	SDTM: RSORRES (6642369) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "RLPGIND" and RSTEST (6620604) = "Disease progress or relapse indicator"		□ Y – Yes
(70	valuation was not done specify reason 38805) E Short Name: RSDZRPTX		CHARACTER – Maximum Length = 200
	CDASH: No Match		
	SDTM: RSREASND (6642040)		

CRF Question	Value Domain
Progressive/recurrent disease (7038806) CDE Short Name: PRGRCNT	CHARACTER – Maximum Length = 30
CDASH: No Match	☐ Biochemical recurrence – Biochemical Recurrent Malignant Neoplasm
	☐ Distant progression – Distant Disease Progression
SDTM: RSORRES (6642369) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "OVRLRESP" and RSTEST	☐ First distant progression – First Distant Disease Progression
(6620604) = "Overall Response"	☐ First distant recurrence – First Local Recurrent Malignant Neoplasm
	☐ First local progression – First Local Disease Progression
	☐ First local recurrence – First Local Recurrent Malignant Neoplasm
	☐ First regional progression – First Regional Disease Progression
	☐ First regional recurrence – First Regional Recurrent Malignant Neoplasm
	☐ Progression – Disease Progression
	 Progression/Recurrence (NOS) – Disease Progression Recurrent Malignant Neoplasm Not Otherwise Specified
	☐ Recurrence – Recurrent Malignant Neoplasm
	☐ Symptomatic deterioration – Symptomatic Deterioration
Date of progression (or relapse) (7038807)	DATE – Maximum Length = 11
CDE Short Name: RSPRGDT	
CDASH: No Match	
SDTM: RSDTC (6651952) where RSTESTCD (6620609) = "OVRLRESP" and RSTEST (6620604) = "Overall Response"	
Sites of progression (7038808) CDE Short Name: TUPGDZST	CHARACTER – Maximum Length = 40
	List of 91 PVs
CDASH: No Match	
SDTM: TULOC (6621372)	

CRF Question	Value Domain
Other specify (7038809) CDE Short Name: TULOCX	CHARACTER – Maximum Length = 200
CDASH: No Match	
SDTM: TULOC (6621372)	
What was the method used to determine progression or recurrence? (7038810) CDE Short Name: TUEVALTP CDASH: No Match SDTM: TUMETHOD (No CDE)	CHARACTER – Maximum Length = 25 □ Biomarkers – Biomarker □ Clinical Assessment – Clinical Assessment Tool □ Cytogenetics – Cytogenetic Analysis □ Imaging – Imaging Technique □ Immunological – Immunologic Technique □ Laboratory Test(s) – Laboratory Procedure □ Molecular – Molecular Analysis □ Morphologic – Morphologic Finding □ Pathologic – Pathologic Finding