

# Abstracting Groups and Cohorts - Include v4.4

Group/cohort information pertains to *Complete* non-interventional trials only. In non-interventional studies, cohorts are groups of individuals, initially defined and composed, with common characteristics (e.g., condition, birth year), who are examined or traced over a given time period.

When adding groups to a trial, you assign to them the interventions currently abstracted for the trial. For instructions on abstracting interventions, refer to [Abstracting Interventions](#).

The following rules apply to each trial:

- There must be at least one group/cohort that implies that the entire study subject population receives the same intervention.
- The number of groups/cohorts added to the trial must coincide with the number indicated in the trial's Design Details. See [Abstracting Non-Interventional Trial Design Details](#).
- Every group/cohort must have at least one assigned intervention.
- Every intervention must be assigned to at least one group/cohort.
- A trial must have only one group with the same combination of description and associated intervention.

Trials can have multiple group/cohort records. Each record displays the following group information:

Field	Definition
Label	Short name used to identify the group
Description	Explanation of the nature of the study group (e.g., those with a condition and those without a condition; those with an exposure and those without an exposure).
Assigned Interventions	Intervention assigned to a given group

Groups

3 items found, displaying all items.1

Label	Description	Assigned Interventions	Edit	Delete
Control	Control group	placebo		
Group 1	Smokers			
Group 2	Non-smokers			

Click to delete selected groups

Click to select all groups for deletion

Add

Delete

Select All

Click to edit group

Click to select this group for deletion

### Group Records

For instructions, refer to the following pages: