

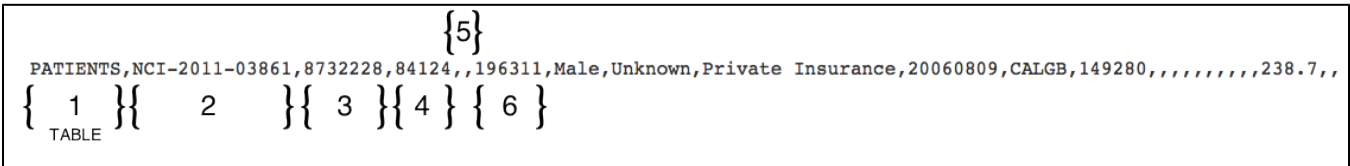
# Complete Trial Record Data Field Formats

The following table lists the data fields by the table in which they are recorded. It also provides the field number (field position in a row); and the format and character limits for each field.

Tables	Field (Field Position in a Row)	Format (Maximum Number of Characters)
COLLECTIONS	Study Identifier (2)	Text (35)
COLLECTIONS	Change Code (11)	Number (1)
PATIENTS	Study Identifier (2)	Text (35)
PATIENTS	Study Subject Identifier (3)	Text (20)
PATIENTS	ZIP Code (4)	Text (10)
PATIENTS	Country of Residence (5)	Text (2)
PATIENTS	Patient's Date of Birth (6)	Date (YYYYMM)
PATIENTS	Gender of a Person (7)	Text (10)
PATIENTS	Ethnicity (8)	Text (25)
PATIENTS	Payment Method (9)	Text (50)
PATIENTS	Subject Registration Date (10)	Date (YYYYMMDD)
PATIENTS	Registering Group Identifier (11)	Text (25)
PATIENTS	Study Site Identifier (12)	Text (25)
PATIENTS	Subject Disease Code (22) <sup>1</sup>	Number (10)
PATIENT_RACES	Study Identifier (2)	Text (35)
PATIENT_RACES	Study Subject Identifier (3)	Text (20)
PATIENT_RACES	Race (4)	Text (45)

**i** The relation between COLLECTIONS, PATIENTS, and PATIENT\_RACES is that COLLECTIONS can have multiple PATIENTS, and PATIENTS can have multiple PATIENT\_RACES. These relations are maintained through the use of consistent Study Identifier and Study Subject Identifier fields.

Using the format table, you can determine that you must enter the **Patient's Date of Birth** in the **sixth position** in a row in the **PATIENTS** table as **YYYYMM**. The following diagram contains a typical line of text from a batch file. Brackets with numbers indicate the field position number.



**i** In the example above, the fifth field position (5) is null (blank) because it (Country of Residence) is a conditionally required field and in this example is not required.

1. For trials using ICD-O-3 terminology, use this position for Site and/or Histology Codes. When using both Site and Histology codes, separate them by a semicolon ( ; ).